

# Master 315





### CONTENTS

| 1. General                                  |
|---|
| 1.1 Equipment description                   |
| 2. Installation                             |
| 2.1 Installing mains plug                   |
| 2.2 Installing control panel                |
| 2.3 Installing particle filter (optional)   |
| 2.4 Mounting units on cart (optional)       |
| 2.5 Connecting earth return cable and clamp |
| 2.6 Connecting MMA electrode holder         |
| 2.7 Connecting TIG torch                    |
| 2.8 Installing remote control               |
| 2.9 Moving equipment by lifting             |
| 3. Operation                                |
| 3.1 Operating power source                  |
| 3.2 Operating control panel MTP35X          |
| 3.2.1 Home view                             |
| 3.2.2 Weld Assist view                      |
| 3.2.3 Memory channels view                  |
| 3.2.4 Pulse view                            |
| 3.2.5 Settings view                         |
| 3.2.6 Info view                             |
| 3.2.7 Screen saver                          |
| 3.3 Remote control                          |
| 4. Maintenance                              |
| 4.1 Disposal                                |
| 5. Troubleshooting                          |
| 5.1 Error codes                             |
| 6. Technical data                           |
| 6.1 Power source Master 315                 |
| 6.2 TIG guide tables                        |
| 6.3 Welding processes and features          |
| 6.4 Symbols used                            |
| 7. Ordering codes                           |
| 7.1 Accessories                             |





### 1. GENERAL

These instructions describe the use of Kemppi's Master 315 welding power source designed for demanding industrial use. The system consists of a Master 315 power source with an MTP35X control panel and an optional transport unit.



For the symbols used in this documentation, refer to "Symbols used" on page 48.

#### Important notes

Read the instructions through carefully. For your own safety, and that of your working environment, pay particular attention to the safety instructions delivered with the equipment.

Items in the manual that require particular attention in order to minimize damage and harm are indicated with the below symbols. Read these sections carefully and follow their instructions.



Note: Gives the user a useful piece of information.



Caution: Describes a situation that may result in damage to the equipment or system.

Warning: Describes a potentially dangerous situation. If not avoided, it will result in personal damage or fatal injury.

#### DISCLAIMER

While every effort has been made to ensure that the information contained in this guide is accurate and complete, no liability can be accepted for any errors or omissions. Kemppi reserves the right to change the specification of the product described at any time without prior notice. Do not copy, record, reproduce or transmit the contents of this guide without prior permission from Kemppi.



# 1.1 Equipment description

Kemppi Master 315 equipment is designed for professional industrial use. The equipment consists of a power source and a factory-installed control panel. The Master power source is suitable for MMA and TIG welding with direct current (DC).

#### Available power source models:

- Master 315 G, generator compatible (300 A) \*
- Master 315 GM, multi-voltage and generator compatible (300 A)

\* A dedicated VRD (Voltage Reduction Device) model version, where the VRD function is locked on, is also available.

#### **Control panel:**

• MTP35X control panel (7" TFT LCD display panel).

#### Equipment:



- 1. Master 315 power source
- 2. Electrode holder
- 3. TIG torch (Flexlite TX 223GVD13)
- 4. Earth return cable and clamp
- 5. Remote control (wired or wireless)
- 6. Foot pedal remote control (wired or wireless)
- 7. Power ON/OFF switch.

#### **Connections:**

- a. External remote control connector
- **b.** DIX connector (-)
- c. DIX connector (+)
- d. Mains cable
- e. Empty holder for unused DIX connector.



#### EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION

#### Serial number

Serial number of the device is marked on the rating plate or in another distinctive location on the device. It is important to make correct reference to the serial number of the product when ordering spare parts or making repairs for example.

#### Quick Response (QR) code

The serial number and other device-related identification information may also be saved in the form of a QR code (or a barcode) on the device. Such code can be read by a smartphone camera or with a dedicated code reader device providing fast access to the device-specific information.



# 2. INSTALLATION



Do not connect the equipment to the mains before the installation is complete.



Do not attempt to move or hang the equipment mechanically (e.g. with a hoist) from the handle on the power source unit. The handle is meant only for manual lifting.



Place the machine on a horizontal, stable and clean ground. Protect the machine from rain and direct sunshine. Check that there is enough space for cooling air circulation in the machine vicinity.

### Before installation

- Make sure to acknowledge and follow the local and national requirements regarding installation and use of high voltage units.
- Check the contents of the packages and make sure the parts are not damaged.
- Before you install the power source on site, see the requirements for the mains cable type and fuse rating given in the "Technical data" on page 41 chapter.



Do not connect the machine to the mains before the installation is complete.



А

Only an authorized electrician is allowed to install the mains cable.

### Distribution network

Master 315: Provided that the public low voltage short circuit power at the point of common coupling is higher than or equal to the value stated on the list below, this equipment is compliant with IEC 61000-3-11 and IEC 61000-3-12 and can be connected to public low voltage systems. It is the responsibility of the installer or user of the equipment to ensure, by consultation with the distribution network operator if necessary, that the system impedance complies with the impedance restrictions.

- Master 315 G: 2.1 MVA
- Master 315 GM: 2.1 MVA



According to the EMC classification (Class A), the Master 315 equipment is not intended to be used in residential locations where the electrical power is provided by the public low-voltage supply system.



# 2.1 Installing mains plug



 $\wedge$ 

Only an authorized electrician is allowed to install the mains cable and plug.

Do not connect the machine to the mains before the installation is complete.

Install the 3-phase plug according to the Master power source and site requirements. Refer also to "Technical data" on page 41 for power source specific technical information.





# 2.2 Installing control panel

In Master 315 the control panel is factory-installed.

#### Tools:

- Screwdriver, Torx head (T20).
- 1. Connect the control panel's cable and mount the control panel in place:
  - >> Insert the top of the panel in the slot first, and then lower the bottom of the panel down.
  - >> Push the bottom of the panel firmly so that it locks in place.



2. Secure the control panel together with the hinged panel cover in place with the screw provided.





The hinged panel cover and the control panel are secured with the same screw.



# 2.3 Installing particle filter (optional)

The optional particle filter is installed together with an additional filter frame as a pack.

1. Place the filter into the filter frame



2. Install the filter pack in front of the air inlet on the rear of the power source.





## 2.4 Mounting units on cart (optional)

Three transport unit options are available: undercarriage P43MT, 4 wheel cart P45MT and 2 wheel cart T25MT.

#### Tools:

- Allen key set.
- 1. Assemble the transport unit according to the instructions delivered with it. With the T25MT cart, the welding equipment securing bracket (\*) is attached once the welding equipment is installed on the cart.

Transport units from left to right: P45MT, T25MT, P43MT.



 Move the unit on top of the cart so that the bar in the rear goes into the rear connection interface and lower the front onto the front connection interface. Secure the power source from the front with the screws (2 x M5x12) provided.

Do not attempt to move the power source with a hoist from its handle. The handle is meant for manual lifting only.





**(**) With the 2 wheel cart (T25MT), an additional securing bracket is attached to the power source handle. Secure the bracket to the cart with the screws provided (M8x16).





# 2.5 Connecting earth return cable and clamp



Keep the work piece connected to earth to reduce the risk of injury to users or damage to electrical equipment.

- 1. Connect the earth return cable to the power source.
- 2. Ensure the earth return clamp is secured tightly to the work piece or work surface.
- 3. Ensure that the clamp's contact surface is as large as possible.



() In MMA welding the earth return cable can also be connected to the positive (+) connector, depending on the application.



# 2.6 Connecting MMA electrode holder

- 1. Connect the MMA electrode holder to the (+) connector on the power source.
- 2. Connect the earth return cable to the (-) connector on the power source.
- 3. Ensure the earth return clamp is secured tightly to the work piece or work surface.
- **4.** Ensure that the clamp's contact surface is as large as possible.



In MMA welding the cables can also be connected the other way round, depending on the welding polarity.



# 2.7 Connecting TIG torch

For TIG welding with the Master power source, use the Flexlite TX 223GVD13 torch.

- 1. Assemble the TIG torch according to the instructions delivered with the torch.
- 2. Connect the TIG torch cable to the power source.



Tip: For Kemppi welding torches, refer also to userdoc.kemppi.com.



# 2.8 Installing remote control

Remote controls are optional. To enable remote operation, set the **Remote control mode** in the control panel settings (refer to "Settings view" on page 29).



When the Remote mode is selected on the control panel, and both wireless and wired remotes are connected, the wired remote will be used.

**(i)** 

Refer to the (+) and (-) signs on the battery holder and in the remote for the correct positioning of batteries.



#### Tools:

• Screwdriver, Torx head (T15).

#### Wireless hand remote control (HR45)

1. Take the remote control battery holder out. Install the batteries (3 x AAA) and put the holder back into the remote.





- 2. Turn on the Wireless remote in the control panel settings (refer to "Settings view" on page 29).
- 3. Keeping the wireless remote close to the power source, long press (3 sec.) the wireless remote pairing button on the remote.



4. Once connected, the blue LED on the left of the connection button is lit. The green LED blinks when the battery is low.



5. To enable remote operation, select Remote mode in the control panel settings.

Remote control with cable (HR43, FR43)

1. Connect the remote control cable to the power source.



### Wireless foot pedal (FR45)

() Refer to the (+) and (-) signs on the battery holder and in the remote for the correct positioning of batteries.



**1.** Take the foot pedal battery holder out. Install the batteries (3 x AAA) and put the holder back into the foot pedal.



- 2. Turn on the **Wireless remote** in the control panel settings (refer to "Settings view" on page 29).
- 3. Keeping the wireless remote close to the power source, long press (3 sec.) the wireless remote pairing button on the foot pedal.



4. Once connected, the blue LED next to the button is lit. The green LED blinks when the battery is low.



**Tip:** You can set minimum and maximum values for the remote current adjustment in the control panel settings.



# 2.9 Moving equipment by lifting

If you need to lift the Master welding equipment, pay special attention to the safety measures. Also follow the local regulations. The Master welding equipment can be lifted with a mechanical hoist when the equipment is installed securely on the cart.



If a gas bottle is installed on the cart, DO NOT attempt to lift the cart with the gas bottle in place.

DO NOT attempt to lift the equipment with a hoist from the handle.



#### 4 wheel cart (P45MT):

- 1. Ensure that the welding equipment is properly secured to the cart.
- 2. Connect the 4-legged chain or straps from the hoist hook to the four lifting points on the cart on both sides of the welding equipment.





#### 2 wheel cart (T25MT):

- 1. Ensure that the welding equipment is properly secured to the cart.
- 2. Connect the hoist hook to the lifting handle on the cart.





### 3. OPERATION

Before using the equipment, ensure that all the necessary installation actions have been completed according to your equipment setup.



For technical data and general guidance for selecting initial TIG welding parameters, refer to "TIG guide tables" on page 44.

For troubleshooting, refer to "Troubleshooting" on page 39.

**Tip:** There is a small locker inside the power source handle, under the lid, that can be used for storing small consumables. The device QR code can also be found here.





# 3.1 Operating power source

**1.** Turn the power source ON. The power switch is located in the rear.



2. Wait approximately 15 seconds for the system to start up.

For control panel operation, refer to "Operating control panel MTP35X" on the next page.



### 3.2 Operating control panel MTP35X

Control panel MTP35X has a 7" TFT LCD display. The MTP35X control panel includes, for example, memory channels, Weld Assist, option for customized welding processes, and assisting graphics.

#### **Controls:**

The control knob can be turned and used as a push button to select functions and items on the screen. In addition to the control knob, there are two function buttons just below the panel display on both sides of the control knob.



#### 1. Control knob and control knob button

- In home view, turning this knob adjusts the welding current (A)
- In other views, turning this knob switches between adjustable parameters and adjusts the selected parameter's value
- The control knob functions also as a push button, when the green light is lit in the knob center
- Used to navigate through the control panel views and selections.

2. Menu button (left function button)

- This is used to access the view menu
- With certain control panel settings and features this also acts as a 'back' or 'cancel' button.
- 3. Custom function button (right function button)
- This button can be used as a user-programmable shortcut
- With certain control panel settings and features this also acts as a 'back' or 'cancel' button.
- The MTP35X control panel displays notifications, warnings and error messages with additional information directly on the screen. Refer also to "Troubleshooting" on page 39 section in this manual for more information on solving error situations.
- I For welding process and control panel feature descriptions, refer to "Welding processes and features" on page 45.

#### **Control panel views:**

- "Home view" on the next page
- "Weld Assist view" on page 25
- "Memory channels view" on page 27
- "Pulse view" on page 28
- "Settings view" on page 29
- "Info view" on page 32



#### To navigate between different control panel views:

- 1. Press the menu button (2).
- 2. Browse to the target view by turning the control knob (1).
- 3. Select the view by pressing the knob (1).

**Tip:** You can switch between the home view and the previously used view by long pressing the menu button (2).

#### 3.2.1 Home view

**Home** view is the control panel work mode after the initial machine and control panel start-up. When in Home view, the welding current can be adjusted directly by turning the control knob.

#### Home view in MMA

Depending on your welding settings, the following are shown:



- 1. Welding process
- 2. Memory channel
- 3. Weld Assist symbol
- 4. Hot start
- 5. Arc force
- 6. Recommended welding current range for the selected electrode
- 7. Pulse parameters
- 8. Wireless remote and its battery status
- 9. Remote mode (ON/OFF).

Warning and notification symbols:

- a. General notification
- Yellow: This is a warning that requires attention
- Red: There is an error that prevents welding
- Error code is shown below the symbol
- **b.** Operating temperature
- Red: Welding equipment has overheated

c. VRD (voltage reduction device)

• VRD symbol on: VRD is on



>> This is always on in power source models where the VRD function is locked on.

- VRD symbol red (blinking): There is a fault with VRD that prevents welding
- VRD symbol off: VRD is off.

#### Home view in TIG

Depending on your welding settings, the following are shown:



- 1. Welding process
- 2. Memory channel
- 3. Weld Assist symbol
- 4. Ignition mode (Lift TIG ignition)
- 5. Welding current
- 6. Wireless remote and its battery status
- 7. Remote mode (ON/OFF).

Warning and notification symbols:

#### a. General notification

- Yellow: This is a warning that requires attention
- Red: There is an error that prevents welding
- Error code is shown below the symbol

#### **b.** Operating temperature

• Red: Welding equipment has overheated

c. VRD (voltage reduction device)

- VRD symbol on: VRD is on >> This is always on in power source models where the VRD function is locked on.
- VRD symbol red (blinking): There is a fault with VRD that prevents welding
- VRD symbol off: VRD is off.

Tip: You can switch between the home view and the previously used view by long pressing the menu button.



### 3.2.2 Weld Assist view

Weld Assist is a wizard-like utility for easy selection of welding parameters. The utility walks the user step-by-step through the selection of required parameters, presenting the selections in an easily understandable way for a non-technical user.

The Weld Assist feature is available with both MMA and TIG welding. In Weld Assist, the selections are made with the control knob (1) and with the two function buttons (2, 3):



**Tip:** You can go back step by step in Weld Assist by pressing the left function button (2). Selecting Cancel with the right function button (3), you can cancel Weld Assist recommendations and return to the beginning.

#### Using Weld Assist with MMA welding

1. Go to the **Weld Assist** view and select 'Start' with the control knob button (1).



#### 2. Select:

- >> The electrode type: Fe-Basic / Fe-Rutile / High Eff. / Ss (stainless steel)/Inox / Cellulosic.
- >> The electrode diameter (1.6 ... 6 mm).
- >> The welding joint type: butt joint / corner joint / lap joint / fillet joint / tube joint / tube+plate joint.





3. Confirm the Weld Assist's recommendation for welding settings by selecting 'Apply'.



Weld Assist automatically sets the following parameters for you:

- Current: 10 ... 300 A
- Hot start
- Arc force
- Arc break
- DC+ indicates polarity (in this case the electrode holder is connected to the positive (+) DIX connector).

All these parameters can still be modified as per normal for the actual welding.

#### Using Weld Assist with TIG welding

1. Go to the Weld Assist view and select 'Start' with the control knob button (1).



#### 2. Select:

- >> The material you are about to weld: Fe (mild steel) / Ss (stainless steel).
- >> The welded material's thickness (0.5 ... 10 mm).
- >> The welding joint type: butt joint / corner joint / edge joint / lap joint / fillet joint / tube joint / tube+plate joint.
- >> The welding position: PA / PB / PC / PD / PE / PF / PG.





3. Confirm the Weld Assist's recommendation for welding settings by selecting 'Apply'.



Weld Assist automatically sets the following parameter for you:

• Current: 3 ... 300 A

**(i)** 

The parameter can still be modified as per normal for the actual welding.

Weld Assist gives you a recommendation for these:

- Shielding gas flow
- Electrode: Diameter
- Filler (if used): Material and diameter
- Number of passes: Number and/or visualization
- Travel speed: mm/min.

### 3.2.3 Memory channels view

Memory channel is a place to store predefined welding parameter settings for future use. A welding machine can include a number of preset and user-defined channels.

In the **Channels** view, the selections are made with the control knob (1):







#### To browse through channels and select channels:

- 1. Go to the **Channels** view.
- 2. Turn the control knob (1) to switch between channels. The highlighted channel is automatically selected.

#### To save or delete channels:

- **1.** Turn the control knob (1) to highlight a channel.
- 2. Open the channel actions menu by pressing the control knob button (1). The available actions are shown: Cancel, Save changes, Save to and Delete.
- **3.** Select an action with the control knob (1).

#### 3.2.4 Pulse view

In the **Pulse** view, the selections are made with the control knob (1):







#### To adjust parameters:

- 1. Go to the Pulse view.
- 2. Turn the control knob (1) to browse through the parameters.
- **3.** Select a parameter for adjustment by pressing the control knob button (1).
- 4. Adjust the parameter by turning the control knob (1).
- 5. Close the parameter setting by pressing the control knob button (1).

#### Adjustable parameters:

| Parameter       | Value  | Note   |
|-----------------|--|--|
| Pulse mode      | OFF/ON   | When OFF is<br>selected,<br>pulse settings<br>are not visible.<br>When ON is<br>selected,<br>pulse settings<br>are visible and<br>adjustable.                    |
| Average current | Min = Current limit min, Max = Machine-specific                            | These values<br>depend also<br>on other<br>pulse para-<br>meters.<br>Maximum<br>average cur-<br>rent is also lim-<br>ited by the<br>machine spe-<br>cifications. |
| Pulse frequency | 0.2 Hz 10 Hz, 0.1 Hz step<br>10 Hz 300 Hz, 1 Hz step<br>(Default = 2.5 Hz) |  |

#### Non-adjustable parameters:

| Parameter          | Value                  | Note |
|--------------------|------------------------|------|
| Pulse ratio        | 40%                    |      |
| Pulse base current | 70%                    |      |
| Pulse current      | Adjusted automatically |      |

These values depend also on other pulse parameters. The maximum pulse current is also limited by the machine specifications.

"Welding processes and features" on page 45

### 3.2.5 Settings view

In the **Settings** view, the selections are made with the control knob (1):





|          | ≯ • m                  | SETTINGS                     |
|----------|------------------------|------------------------------|
|          |                        | мма                          |
| <b>e</b> | COMMON WELDIN          | G SETTINGS                   |
| ₽        | Current limit min      | <b>8</b> A                   |
| ф        |                        | <b>265</b> A                 |
| 16.m     | Remote control<br>mode | OFF                          |
| ф        | Remote control min     | <b>143</b> A                 |
| ф        | Remote control max     | <b>205</b> A                 |
|          | Wireless remote        | Wireless module<br>not found |
|          | TIG SETTIN             | GS                           |
|          |                        | NGS                          |
| MEN      | U O CLOSE              |                              |

#### To adjust settings:

- 1. Go to the **Settings** view.
- 2. Turn the control knob (1) to browse through the settings groups and parameters.
- 3. Select a parameter to be adjusted or changed by pressing the control knob button (1).
- 4. Adjust or change the setting by turning the control knob (1).
- 5. Close the parameter setting by pressing the control knob button (1).
- Some of the settings are e.g. current mode and welding process specific and are visible or not visible in the settings menu accordingly.

#### Common welding settings:

| Parameter           | Value  | Note  |
|---------------------|--|---|
| Welding process     | TIG / MMA (Default = TIG)  | Selecting a welding process changes automatically to the last active channel for the selected process.  |
| Current limit min   | TIG: 2 A / MMA: 8 A, step 1 A *  |   |
| Current limit max   | TIG: power source's nominal value<br>MMA: power source's max.<br>MMA current, step 1 A * |   |
| Remote control mode | OFF / Remote (Default = OFF)   | When a remote control is selected, the welding current adjustment on the control panel is disabled.     |
| Remote control min  | Min = "Current limit min", Max = "Current<br>limit max"                                  |   |
| Remote control max  | Min = "Current limit min", Max = "Current<br>limit max"                                  |   |
| Wireless remote     | Pairing starts automatically when selected   | New pairing information replaces the old information.<br>Pairing status is shown as the settings value. |



#### TIG settings:

| Parameter        | Value  | Note |
|------------------|--|------|
| Lift TIG current | 5 A 40 A / Auto, step 1 A (Default = Auto<br>= 10 A) |      |
| Slight upslope   | OFF / ON (Default = OFF)                             |      |
| TIG antifreeze   | OFF / ON (Default = OFF)                             |      |

#### **MMA settings:**

| Parameter       | Value                                   | Note  |
|-----------------|---|---|
| Welding current | Min/Max = Normal welding current limits |   |
| Hot start       | -10 +10, step 1 (Default = 0)           |   |
| Arc force       | -10 +10, step 1 (Default = 0)           |   |
| MMA antifreeze  | OFF / ON (Default = OFF)                |   |
| VRD mode        | OFF / ON (Default = OFF)                | This setting can be locked so that the user cannot change it.<br>In the equipment models where the VRD mode is locked per-<br>manently to ON (e.g. AU model), the VRD option is still visible<br>in the settings, but it cannot be changed. |
| Arc break       | 50 % 100 %, step 10 % (Default = 90 %)  | 100 % setting uses all of the voltage reserve enabling the longest arc possible.  |

#### System settings:

| Parameter                          | Value                                  | Note  |
|------------------------------------|--|---|
| Brightness                         | 10 % 100 %, step 1 % (Default = 100 %) |   |
| Weld data time                     | 1 s 10 s, step 1 s (Default = 5 s)     |   |
| Screen saver Default = Kemppi logo |  | An alternative screen saver image can be used. For more information, refer to "Screen saver" on page 33.  |
| Date                               | Date setting (DD/MM/YYYY)              |   |
| Time (24h)                         | Time setting (HH:MM)                   |   |
| Language                           | Language setting                       |   |
| Show Weld Assist                   | ON / OFF (Default = $ON$ )             |   |
| Factory reset                      | Cancel / Start (Default = Cancel)      | Settings item that activates the factory reset to restore<br>factory settings on the device.<br>Once the factory reset is complete, the power source<br>must be restarted manually. |

\* Current range adjustable by welder in TIG welding:

- 2 A ... 305 A, 1 A step
- Default = Nominal value of the power source.

\* Current range adjustable by welder in MMA welding:

- 8 A ... 305 A, 1 A step
- Default = MMA maximum current of the power source.

"Welding processes and features" on page 45



### 3.2.6 Info view

In the Info view you can see information about the equipment usage as well as software version for example.



Included in the Info view:

- Usage counters
- Error status and error log
- Latest welds
- Power source type and model
- Power source and control panel software versions.

32



### 3.2.7 Screen saver

The screen saver image shown during start-up and when the control panel has been idle for a predefined time can be changed using the screen saver tool at <u>kemp.cc/screensaver</u>. To make the change, you'll need the image file you are planning to use and a USB memory stick.

#### Tools:

- Screwdriver, Torx head (T20).
- 1. On a web browser, go to kemp.cc/screensaver.
- 2. Following the on-screen instructions, upload, edit and download the new screen saver image onto a USB memory stick.

#### 3. Detach the control panel from the power source:

- >> Remove the top screw and panel cover.
- >> First pull the top of the control panel slightly and then the rest of the panel.



Do not disconnect the control panel cable. The power source and control panel must be turned on.

4. Connect the USB memory stick to the USB connector on the rear side of the control panel. The control panel detects your USB memory stick automatically and shows a list of available images.

Always connect and disconnect the USB device in a straight angle to avoid any additional stress to the USB connector.

 $\wedge$ 





- 5. Following the on-screen instructions, and using the control panel controls, select the image on the USB memory stick you want to use as a screen saver.
- 6. Remove the USB memory stick and install the control panel back in place. Refer to "Installing control panel" on page 8 for more information.





# 3.3 Remote control

For installing remote control, refer to "Installing remote control" on page 15.

#### Hand remote control:

To adjust the welding current, turn the knob on the remote control.



Tip: The remote control comes equipped with a handy clip for hanging the remote onto your belt.



#### Foot pedal remote control:

To adjust the welding current, press the pedal.



Tip: To shift the foot pedal position on the floor, use the foot pedal handle.





### 4. MAINTENANCE

When considering and planning routine maintenance, consider the operating frequency of the welding system and the working environment.

Correct operation of the welding machine and regular maintenance helps you avoid unnecessary downtime and equipment failure.



Disconnect the power source from the mains before handling electrical cables.

(igl) If the welding equipment is left unused for a longer period, disconnect the mains plug from the mains.



Always check before use that interconnecting cable, shielding gas hose, earth return cable/clamp and mains cable are in serviceable condition. Ensure that the connectors are correctly fastened. Loose connectors can impair welding performance and damage connectors.

### Daily maintenance

#### Maintenance of power source

Follow these maintenance procedures to maintain the proper functioning of the welding system:

- Check that all covers and components are intact.
- Check all the cables and connectors. Do not use them if they are damaged.

For repairs, contact Kemppi at www.kemppi.com or your dealer.

#### Periodic maintenance



Only an authorized electrician is allowed to carry out electrical work.



Only qualified service personnel is allowed to carry out periodic maintenance.

Before removing the cover plate, disconnect the power source from the mains and wait for about 2 minutes before discharging the capacitor.

Check the electric connectors of the unit at least every six months. Clean oxidized parts and tighten loose connectors.



Use the correct tension torque when fastening loose parts.

Clean the outside parts of the unit from dust and dirt, for example, with a soft brush and vacuum cleaner. Also clean the ventilation grill at the back of the unit. Do not use compressed air, there is a risk that the dirt will compact even more tightly into gaps of cooling profiles.



Do not use pressure washing devices.

#### Service workshops

Kemppi Service Workshops complete the welding system maintenance according to the Kemppi service agreement.



The main aspects in the service workshop maintenance procedure are:

- Cleanup of the machine
- Maintenance of the welding tools
- Checkup of the connectors and switches
- Checkup of all electric connections
- Checkup of the power source mains cable and plug
- Repair of defective parts and replacement of defective components
- Maintenance test
- Test and calibration of operation and performance values when needed.

Find your closest service workshop at Kemppi website.



## 4.1 Disposal



Do not dispose of any electrical equipment with normal waste!

In observance of WEEE Directive 2012/19/EU on waste of electrical and electronic equipment and European Directive 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment, and their implementation in accordance with national law, electrical equipment that has reached the end of its life must be collected separately and taken to an appropriate environmentally responsible recycling facility. The owner of the equipment is obliged to deliver a decommissioned unit to a regional collection center, as per the instructions of local authorities or a Kemppi representative. By applying these European Directives you improve the environment and human health.



### 5. TROUBLESHOOTING

The problems and the possible causes listed are not definitive, but suggest some typical situations that may turn up during normal use of the welding system. For further information and assistance, contact your nearest Kemppi service workshop.

If you have received an error code, refer also to "Error codes" on the next page.

#### General:

The welding system does not power up

- Check that the mains cable is plugged in properly.
- Check that the mains switch of the power source is at the ON position.
- Check that the mains power distribution is on.
- Check the mains fuse and/or the circuit breaker.
- Check that the earth return cable is connected.

The welding system stops working

- The torch may have overheated. Wait for it to cool down.
- Check that none of the cables is loose.
- The power source may have overheated. Wait for it to cool down and see that the cooling fans work properly and the air flow is unobstructed.

#### Welding torch:

The torch overheats

- Make sure the torch body is properly connected.
- Make sure that the welding parameters are within the range of the welding torch. If different torch components have separate limits for the maximum current; the lower one of these is the maximum current that can be used.
- Make sure you are using original Kemppi consumable and spare parts. Incorrect spare part materials may also cause overheating.
- Make sure the connectors are clean, undamaged and properly fastened.

#### Weld quality:

Dirty and/or poor weld quality

- Check that the shielding gas has not run out.
- Check that the shielding gas flow is unobstructed.
- Check that the gas type is correct for the application.
- Check the polarity of the torch/electrode.
- Check that the welding procedure is correct for the application.
- Check that the filler material is correct type/diameter for the application and clean
- Check that the electrode is correct size/type and correctly shaped for the application
- Check that the base material is clean
- Check that the groove type is correct for the application.

**Tip:** For checking the correct welding settings, you can also use Weld Assist.

Varying welding performance

- Check that the welding torch is physically intact and the nozzle is clear of any obstructions.
- Check that the welding torch is not overheating.
- Check that the earth return clamp is properly attached to a clean surface of the workpiece.



# 5.1 Error codes

| Error<br>code | Error description                    | Possible reason  | Proposed action  |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| 1             | Power source not calibrated          | Power source calibration has been lost.                    | Restart the power source. If problem persists, contact Kemppi service.<br>Note: The equipment operation is limited when this error occurs. |
| 2             | Too low mains<br>voltage             | Voltage in mains network is too low.                       | Restart the power source. If problem persists, contact Kemppi service.   |
| 3             | Too high mains<br>voltage            | Voltage in mains network is too high.                      | Restart the power source. If problem persists, contact Kemppi service.   |
| 4             | Power source is overheated           | Too long welding session with high power.                  | Do not shut down, let the fans cool the machine. If fans are not running, contact Kemppi service.  |
| 17            | Phase is missing from mains supply   | One or more phases are miss-<br>ing from the mains supply. | Check the mains cable and its connectors. Check the voltage of mains supply.   |
| 34            | Unknown welding<br>Ioad              | An unknown load con-<br>nected to DIX connectors.          | Remove any unintended resistive load connected to the welding equip-<br>ment and restart the power source.                                 |
| 35            | Too high mains<br>current            | Current drawn from the mains is too high.                  | Reduce welding power.  |
| 36            | DC-link under-<br>voltage            | DC-link voltage is too low.                                | Check the mains voltage and/or the supply cable.   |
| 37            | DC-link over-<br>voltage             | DC-link voltage is too high.                               | Check the mains voltage.   |
| 38            | Mains voltage too<br>high or too low | Mains voltage is too high or<br>too low.                   | Check the mains voltage and/or the supply cable.   |
| 40            | VRD error                            | Open circuit voltage exceeds the VRD limit.                | Restart the power source. If problem persists, contact Kemppi service.   |
| 81            | Welding program<br>data missing      | Welding program data has been lost.                        | Restart the power source. If problem persists, contact Kemppi service.   |
| 244           | Internal memory<br>failure           | Initialization failed.                                     | Restart welding system. If problem persists, contact Kemppi service.   |
| 250           | Internal memory<br>failure           | Memory communication failed.                               | Restart welding system. If problem persists, contact Kemppi service.   |



# 6. TECHNICAL DATA

"Power source Master 315" on the next page For ordering codes, see "Ordering codes" on page 50.

41



# 6.1 Power source Master 315

| MASTER   |                              | 315G                    | 315GM  |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Feature  | Description                  | Value                   |  |
| Mains connection cable                                   |                              | 3~, 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> | 3~, 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>  |
| Mains connection voltage                                 | 3~ 50/60 Hz                  | 380460 V ±10 %          | 220230 V; 380460 V ±10 %   |
| Maximum supply current                                   | @ 380460V                    | 1815 A                  | 1815 A   |
|  | @ 220230 V                   |                         | 2725 A   |
| Effective supply current                                 | @ 380460V                    | 1210 A                  | 1210 A   |
|  | @ 220230 V                   |                         | 1615 A   |
| Fuse   |                              | 16 A                    | 16 A   |
| No-load voltage ( <sub>Ur</sub> )                        | MMA                          | 50 V                    | 50 V   |
| No-load voltage ( $_{U_{r}}$ ) AU (1                     | MMA                          | 23 V                    | -  |
| No-load voltage ( <sub>U0</sub> )                        | MMA/TIG                      | 7095 V                  | 7095 V   |
| No-load voltage ( <sub>Ur VRD</sub> )                    | MMA                          | 23 V                    | 23 V   |
| Open circuit voltage (average)                           | MMA                          | 50 V                    | 50 V   |
| Rated maximum output at 40 °C<br>(Duty cycle and process | 30 % TIG                     | -                       | 300 A / 22 V (@ 400 V)<br>260 A / 20.4 V (@ 220 V)                           |
| specified in the next column)                            | 40 % TIG                     | 300 A / 22 V            | 280 A / 21.2 V (@ 400 V)<br>260 A / 20.4 V (@ 220 V)                         |
|  | 60 % TIG                     | 260 A / 20.4 V          | 260 A / 20.4 V (@ 400 V)<br>230 A / 19.2 V (@ 220 V)                         |
|  | 100 % TIG                    | 220 A / 18.8 V          | 220 A / 18.8 V (@ 400 V)<br>175 A / 17 V (@ 220 V)                           |
|  | 30 % MMA                     | -                       | 300 A / 32 V (@ 400 V)<br>260 A / 30.4 V (@ 220 V)                           |
|  | 40 % MMA                     | 300 A / 32 V            | 280 A / 31.2 V (@ 400 V)<br>260 A / 30.4 V (@ 220 V)                         |
|  | 60 % MMA                     | 260 A / 30.4 V          | 260 A / 30.4 V (@ 400 V)<br>230 A / 29.2 V (@ 220 V)                         |
|  | 100 % MMA                    | 220 A / 28.8 V          | 220 A / 28.8 V (@ 400 V)<br>175 A / 27 V (@ 220 V)                           |
| Range of output  | TIG                          | 3 A / 1 V300 A / 22 V   | 3 A / 1 V300 A / 22 V (@ 400 V)<br>3 A / 1 V260 A / 21 V (@ 220 V)           |
|  | MMA                          | 10 A / 10 V300 A / 63 V | 10 A / 10 V300 A / 63 V (@ 400<br>V)<br>10 A / 10 V260 A / 39 V (@ 220<br>V) |
| Power factor, λ  | 400 V,<br>MMA 300 A / 32 V   | 0.89                    | 0.89 (@ 400 V)<br>0.95 (@ 220 V)   |
| Efficiency, η  | 400 V,<br>MMA 230 A / 29.2 V | 87 %                    | 87 % (@ 400 V)<br>85 % (@ 220 V)   |
| Operating temperature range                              |                              | -20+40 ℃                | -20+40 ℃   |



| MASTER   |   | 315G  | 315GM  |  |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| Feature  | Description                             | Value   |  |  |
| Storage temperature range  |   | -20+60 ℃  | -20+60 °C  |  |
| EMC class  |   | A   | A  |  |
| Min. short-circuit power of supply net-<br>work  | S <sub>sc</sub>                         | 2.1 MVA   | 2.1 MVA  |  |
| Degree of protection   |   | IP23S   | IP23S  |  |
| External dimensions  | LxWxH                                   | 544 x 205 x 443 mm  | 544 x 205 x 443 mm                                 |  |
| Weight without accessories   |   | 21.4 kg   | 22.6 kg  |  |
| Arc-on signal for relay  |   | 24 V / 50 mA  | 24 V / 50 mA                                       |  |
| Recommended generator power (min)  | S <sub>gen</sub>                        | 20 kVA  | 20 kVA   |  |
| Wireless communication type:<br>- Control panel MTP35X <sup>(2</sup><br>- Remote controls HR45, FR45 <sup>(2</sup> | Transmitter fre-<br>quency<br>and power | 2.4 GHz Bluetooth,<br>2400-2483.5 MHz, 10<br>dBm                                    | 2.4 GHz Bluetooth,<br>2400-2483.5 MHz, 10 dBm      |  |
| Wired communication type   | Remote                                  | Analog  | Analog   |  |
|  | CAN BUS                                 | Kemppi Remote-Bus   | Kemppi Remote-Bus                                  |  |
| Stick electrode diameters  | ø mm                                    | 1.67.0 mm   | 1.67.0 mm  |  |
| Standards  |   | IEC 60974-1,-3,-10<br>IEC 61000-3-12<br>AS 60974.1-2006 <sup>(3</sup><br>GB 15579.1 | IEC 60974-1,-3,-10<br>IEC 61000-3-12<br>GB 15579.1 |  |

<sup>1)</sup> In the AU power source model versions with the Voltage Reduction Device (VRD ) function locked on, only this value is applicable.

2)

8

NO: These devices are not allowed to be used within a 20 km radius of the centre of Ny-Ålesund at Svalbard, Norway. This restriction applies to any 2-32 GHz transmitter operation.

<sup>3)</sup> Applies only to the power source model versions where the VRD function is locked on.



# 6.2 TIG guide tables

The table in this chapter is given only as a general guidance. The information provided is based solely on the use of WC20 (grey) electrode and Argon gas.

#### TIG welding (DC)

| Welding current range DC |        | Electrode (WC20) | Gas nozzle |                 | Gas flow rate |
|--------------------------|--------|------------------|------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Min. A                   | Max. A | ø mm             | number     | ø mm            | l/min (Argon) |
| 5                        | 80     | 1.0              | 4/5        | 6.5 / 8.0       | 56            |
| 70                       | 140    | 1.6              | 4/5/6      | 6.5 / 8.0 / 9.5 | 67            |
| 140                      | 230    | 2.4              | 6/7        | 9.5 / 11.0      | 78            |
| 225                      | 330    | 3.2              | 7/8/10     | 11.0/12.5/16    | 810           |



# 6.3 Welding processes and features

#### Master 315

#### A

#### Arc break

Determines the point where the arc is extinguished in relation to the arc length in MMA welding. The purpose is to optimize the welding termination for each electrode type to prevent the arc from being accidentally extinguished during welding and to avoid burn marks to the weld piece when the welding is stopped.

#### Arc force

Adjusts short circuit dynamics (roughness) of MMA welding by changing, for example, current levels.

#### Arc time

Tells how long the welding arc has been on.

#### Auto pulse

TIG welding process, where the welding current alternates between two current levels: base current and pulse current. Only welding current needs to be adjusted and pulse parameters are preset automatically. Used for optimizing the arc characteristics for desired welding applications.

#### В

#### **Base current**

The lower current level of the pulse cycle. In TIG welding, its main tasks are to cool down the weld pool and to maintain the arc.

#### D

#### DC TIG

Direct current TIG welding process, where the polarity of the electrode is either positive or negative throughout the welding process. Negative polarity (DC-) allows high penetration, whereas positive polarity (DC+) is used only in special applications.

#### Н

#### Hot start

Welding function that uses higher welding current at the start of the weld. After the Hot start period the current drops to normal welding current level. The values for Hot start current level and its duration are preset manually. This facilitates the start of the weld especially with aluminum materials.

#### L

#### Lift TIG current

Contact current in the beginning of Lift TIG ignition.

#### Lift TIG ignition

Ignition mode in TIG welding. In Lift TIG ignition you briefly touch the work piece with the electrode, then press the trigger and lift the electrode to a small distance from the work piece. The Lift TIG ignition must be activated in the control panel. Also known as "Touch ignition" or "Contact ignition".



#### М

#### Manual pulse

TIG welding process, where the welding current alternates between two current levels: base current and pulse current. Parameters are preset by the user. Used for optimizing the arc characteristics for desired welding applications.

#### Memory channel

Place to store predefined welding parameter settings. A welding machine can include a number of preset channels. Users can create new channels for their own welding jobs and modify or delete them. Makes parameter selection easier, and in some cases allows transferring settings from one welding machine to another.

#### MMA

Manual arc welding process that uses a consumable electrode. The electrode is covered with flux material that protects the weld area from oxidation and contamination.

#### MMA antifreeze

A function which automatically decreases the welding current significantly when electrode is touching the workpiece. Can be used for avoiding MMA electrode getting too hot when it's in contact with the workpiece.

#### Ρ

#### **Pulse current**

The higher current level of the pulse cycle. In TIG welding, its main task is to create weld pool or increase the heat of the weld pool.

#### **Pulse frequency**

Determines how many pulse cycles is created per second (Hz).

#### Pulse ratio

Determines how big part of the whole pulse cycle time is spent on pulse current.

#### S

#### Slight upslope

This is a function that automatically creates a slight upslope to prevent electrode wearing caused by sudden current rises with high welding currents. This function has an effect only when the welding current is 100 A or more.

#### Startup level

The point of welding current where the upslope begins.

#### Т

#### TIG

Manual welding process that typically uses a non-consumable tungsten electrode, a separate filler material, and an inert shielding gas to protect the weld area from oxidation and contamination during the welding process. The use of a filler material is not always mandatory in TIG welding.



#### TIG antifreeze

A function which automatically decreases the welding current significantly when electrode is touching the workpiece. Can be used for example to avoid unwanted dilution from electrode to welded metal.

#### U

#### Upslope

Welding function that determines the time, during which the welding current gradually increases to desired welding current level at the start of the weld. The value for the upslope time is preset by the user. The value zero means the function is off.

#### V

#### VRD (voltage reduction device)

A safety device used in welding equipment to reduce the open-circuit voltage to maintain below a certain voltage value. This reduces the risk of electric shock particularly in dangerous environments, such as closed or damp spaces. VRD may also be required by law in certain countries or regions.

#### w

#### Weld Assist

A wizard-like utility for easy selection of welding parameters. The utility walks the user step-by-step through the selection of required parameters, presenting the selections in an easily understandable way for a non-technical user. Available in MTP35X control panel in MasterTig product family.



# 6.4 Symbols used

| Symbol             | Description             |
|--------------------|-------------------------|
| ->j)               | Gas input               |
| (j)>>              | Gas output              |
| <i>#</i>           | TIG                     |
| <i>7</i> <b>#-</b> | TIG HF ignition         |
| <u>t</u>           | TIG Contact ignition    |
| <b>/-</b> =((*     | TIG Gas Cooling         |
| <b>ب</b>           | MMA                     |
| <i>17</i>          | Arc break               |
| *                  | Arc force               |
| л                  | Pulse                   |
| /                  | Hot Start               |
| <b>/</b>           | Upslope                 |
| (*)))              | Gas test                |
| λĨΛ                | Frequency or Wavelength |
| л∔л                | Base current            |



| ±₽         | Pulse current               |
|------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>.</b>   | Remote control              |
| ¥ S        | Remote control in TIG torch |
| <i>[</i> ] | Foot pedal                  |
| V<br>∕∿t   | High voltage                |
| .v.↓       | Low voltage                 |

#### Common symbols used in Kemppi documentation:

| Symbol | Description                     |
|--------|---------------------------------|
|        | User manual                     |
| CE     | CE mark                         |
| ×      | EMC Class A                     |
|        | Electrical and electronic waste |
| 4      | High voltage (warning)          |
|        | Protective earth                |



# 7. ORDERING CODES

| Equipment     | Description  | Ordering code |
|---------------|--|---------------|
| Master 315 G  | Power source: 300 A, generator use                   | M315G         |
|               | Power source: 300 A, generator use, VRD locked on    | M315GAU       |
| Master 315 GM | Power source: 300 A, generator and multi-voltage use | M315GM        |
| HR43          | Wired remote   | HR43          |
| HR45          | Wireless remote                                      | HR45          |
| FR43          | Wired foot pedal remote                              | FR43          |
| FR45          | Wireless foot pedal remote                           | FR45          |
| P43MT         | Transport unit, 4 wheel undercarriage                | P43MT         |
| T25MT         | Transport unit, 2 wheel cart                         | T25MT         |
| P45MT         | Transport unit, 4 wheel cart                         | P45MT         |
| -             | Particle filter pack                                 | SP020952      |



# 7.1 Accessories

**Tip:** Letters with the product model names stand for: G = gas-cooled, V = gas valve, D = DIX connection.

| Flexlite TX          |               |      |       |  |  |
|----------------------|---------------|------|-------|--|--|
| Product              | Ordering code |      |       |  |  |
|                      | 4 m:          | 8 m: | 16 m: |  |  |
| Flexlite TX 223GVD13 | TX223GVD134   | -    | -     |  |  |

External package dimensions, mm (L x W x H): 590 x 390 x 130 / 80.